LOCAL LAWS		
Local Law	County Executive To Meet With Full Legislature To Explain Tentative Budget And Explain Implementation Of Said Budget. Introduced 1/12/93, Adopted 2/9/93, Approved	26
Local Law	Authorizing The Private Sale Or Assignment Of Tax Liens By The County Of Rensselaer, By Mrs. Douglas. Adopted 3/9/93, Approved by C.E. 3/23/93	61
Local Law	Adopting MacBride Principles For Rensselaer County Contracts, By Mr. Rock. Introduced 4/13/93, Adopted 5/11/93, Approved by C.E. 6/1/93	133
	Amend Charter By Adding Section 18.07 (Sunset Law), By Mr. Manupella. Introduced 5/11/93, Adopted 6/8/93, VETOED 6/23/93	166

Local Law	Authorizing Private Sale Of A Parcel Of Land Owned By County Consisting Of 0.04 Acres Located In Poestenkill Previously Declared By Legislature To Be No Longer Necessary For Public Use Introduced 6/8/93, Adopted 7/13/93, Approved by C.E. 8/2/93
Local Law	Authorizing Imposition And Collection Of Administrative Fee In Connection With Real Property Tax Payments Made To The County By Personal Checks Returned For Insufficient Funds, By Mr. Minbiole Introduced 7/13/93, Withdrawn By Sponsor 8/10/93
Local Law	Regulating Possession Of Firearms And Other Dangerous Weapons In Rensselaer County Buildings, By Mr. Kilgallon Introduced 8/10/93, Adopted 9/13/93, Approved by C.E. 9/30/93
Local Law	Amending Local Law #1 For The Year 1993 (Item Pricing). Provisions To Be Enforced By Rensselaer County Sealer Except In Cities Of Troy And Rensselaer Where Their Respective Sealers Shall Enforce Provisions. Fines Collected By County Remain Property Of County. Fines Collected By Cities Shall Remain Property Of Those Cities Adopted 10/12/93

County of Rensselaer Local Law No. 2 of the year 1993 By Mr. Manupella

A local law Amending Section 5.03 of the Rensselaer County Charter

Be it enacted by the County Legislature of the county of Rensselaer as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 5.03 (b) of the Rensselaer County Charter is hereby amended as follows:

To Wit

1. The Clerk of the Legislature, upon receipt of the tentative budget from the budget officer, shall transmit a copy of the said tentative budget to each Legislator, forthwith. On or before December 30, the

THE RENSSELAER COUNTY LEGISLATURE

Rensselaer County Executive will meet with the full Legislature to explain the tentative budget and explain the implementation of said budget. The Budget and Finance Committee of the County Legislature shall conduct a public hearing on the tentative budget as submitted by the budget officer on the second Thursday of November.

SECTION 2.

This Local Law shall take effect immediately upon following with the Secretary of State of the State of New York.

Local Law ADOPTED by the following vote:

Ayes: 16 Noes: 0 2/9/93

"Approved by the County Executive - February 23, 1993"

G/79/93

Resolution Directing The County Executive To Insure The Jail Operation Complete Manual Is Printed Within Five Working Days Of The Legislative Meeting (AMENDED)

County of Rensselaer, New York Local Law No. of the year 1993 By Mrs. Douglas

A local law Authorizing the Private Sale or Assignment of Tax Liens by the County of Rensselaer, New York

Be it enacted by the County Legislature of the county of Rensselaer as follows:

SECTION 1. Purpose

The purpose of this Local Law is to authorize the County of Rensselaer to sell or assign tax liens at private sale pursuant to terms and conditions negotiated by the County Executive in accordance with this Local Law and the Rensselaer County Charter. It is the intent of this Local Law to provide the maximum amount of flexibility to the County of Rensselaer to achieve such purpose, and the conditions hereof shall be in addition to and/or in lieu of the provisions of the New York State Real Property Tax Law.

SECTION 2. Sale or Assignment of Tax Liens

The County of Rensselaer is hereby authorized and empowered to sell or assign a portion or all of the County's tax liens at private sale. The County Executive is authorized to negotiate the contracts for the sale or assignment of tax liens for a price that reflects market values, interest rates, financing and transactional costs, and other pricing factors. The contract shall contain such other covenants, terms and conditions to the extent permitted by the Real Property Tax Law or otherwise permitted by law, as the County Executive may determine to be necessary to effect the sale or assignment of the tax liens, including specifically but without limitation an obligation by the county to repurchase unredeemed liens prior to the commencement of *in rem* foreclosure proceedings, provided that the repurchase price does not exceed the aggregate face amount of the tax liens repurchased plus accrued interest and penalties to the date of repurchase.

Pursuant to Section 3.03 of the Rensselaer County Charter, the County Executive is authorized to make, sign, execute and implement all contracts for the assignment or sale of the tax liens negotiated in accordance with the provisions of this Local Law. The County Executive shall have all the necessary and incidental powers to perform and exercise any of the duties and functions delegated by this Local Law.

SECTION 3. Severability

If any provision of this Local Law shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such determination shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the particular provision directly adjudged invalid.

3/9/93

SECTION 4. Effective Date.

This Local Law shall become effective immediately for filing with the Office of the Secretary of State.

Local Law ADOPTED by the following vote:

Ayes: 16 **Noes:** 0 3/9/93

(Mrs. O'Brien was sworn in prior to this vote; therefore, 16 votes total)

"Approved by the County Executive - March 23, 1992"

County of Rensselaer Local Law No.(Introductory) of the year 1993 By Mr. Manupella

A local law to amend the Rensselaer County Charter by adding:

Be it enacted by the County Legislature of the county of Rensselaer as follows:

SECTION 1. To amend the Rensselaer County Charter by adding: Section 18.07

Beginning in 1994 and during the second year of each legislative term thereafter, the legislative body shall review all departments, bureaus, agencies, boards and commissions to determine feasibility of continuation, except those mandated by state or federal law. The study will utilize the criteria of services required to be furnished residents and workforce necessary to accomplish programs. Beginning in January and not later than April 1st, each legislative committee as established in the Rules of the Legislature, shall review those departments, bureaus, agencies, boards and commissions within their committee's responsibility and file a report with the Clerk of the Legislature.

The Chairperson shall appoint a committee of not less than three nor more than five legislators with representation of both major political parties to review, analyze and consolidate the various committee reports into one report which shall be presented to the Legislative body by May 1st. The Legislature shall, by June 30th, act upon the report. Upon legislative approval of said report by a majority of the legislators, a resolution with said report shall be forwarded to the County Executive for necessary action, in accordance with Section 30.6. Any approved recommendations adopted shall be considered in the ensuing budgetary process. Necessary changes to the Rensselaer County Charter shall be in accordance with Section 20.06.

SECTION 2. This local law shall take effect immediately upon filing with the Secretary of State.

County of Rensselaer Local Law No. of the year 1993 By Mr. Rock

A local law adopting the MacBride Principles for Rensselaer County Contract

1993 JOURNAL OF PROCEEDING Be it enacted by the County Legislature of the county of Rensselaer as follows:

This Law shall be known as the "Rensselaer County MacBride Principles Contract Compliance Law."

SECTION 2. Legislative findings and intent.

- Justice and peace in Northern Ireland are matters of grave concern to the (A) (B)
- Northern Ireland was created in 1920 when its six counties were
- Northern Ireland has a history of institutionalized governmental and (C) private employment discrimination against Catholics, which has been
- The unemployment rate for Catholics in Northern Ireland is two and one (D) half times the unemployment rate for Protestants.
- In some predominantly Catholic areas, such as West Belfast, the (E)unemployment rate for adult males is as high as 80%. (F)
- Such discrimination contributes to the strife and tragedy that continues
- The MacBride Principles of Fair Employment are nine principles designated (G) to foster an end to employment discrimination in Northern Ireland. (H)
- The Assembly, Senate and Governor of New York State have recognized the MacBride Principles' efficacy and importance to our citizens by enacting State laws that require private companies doing business in New York State to adhere to the MacBride Principles. (I)
- At least ten other states and many other local governments throughout the United States have also enacted legislation implementing the MacBride (J)
- The State of New York and the City of New York have each enacted MacBride Principles contract compliance laws that are essentially the same as that which is set forth in section four of this local law. (K)
- It is in the interest of Rensselaer County that contractors who do business with the County and who also do business in Northern Ireland abide by the

SECTION 3. Definitions.

For the purpose of this section "MacBride Principles" shall mean those principles relating to nondiscrimination in employment and freedom of workplace opportunity

- increase the representation of individuals from underrepresented religious groups in the work force, including managerial, supervisory, administrative, clerical and technical jobs;
- (2) take steps to promote adequate security for the protection of employees from underrepresented religious groups both at the workplace and while traveling to and from work;
 - (3) ban provocative religious and political emblems from the workplace;
- (4) publicly advertise all job openings and make special recruitment efforts to attract applicants from underrepresented religious groups;
- (5) establish layoff, recall and termination procedures which do not, in practice, favor a particular religious group;
- (6) abolish all job reservations, apprenticeship restrictions and differential employment criteria which discriminate on the basis of religion;
- (7) develop training programs that will prepare substantial numbers of current employees from underrepresented religious groups for skilled jobs, including the expansion of existing programs and the creation of new programs to train, upgrade and improve the skills of workers from underrepresented religious groups;
- (8) establish procedures to assess, identify and actively recruit employees from underrepresented religious groups with potential for further advancement; and
- (9) appoint a senior management staff member to oversee affirmative action efforts and develop a timetable to ensure their full implementation.

Section 4. Contract Compliance

- A.1 With respect to contracts described in paragraphs two and three of this subdivision, and in accordance with such paragraph, no agency, elected official or the County Legislature shall contract for the supply of goods, services or construction with any contractor who does not agree to stipulate to the following, if there is another contractor who will contract to supply goods, services or construction of comparable quality at a comparable price: The contractor and any individual or legal entity in which the contractor holds a ten percent or greater ownership interest and any individual or legal entity that holds a ten percent or greater ownership in the contractor either (a) have no business operations in Northern Ireland, or (b) shall take lawful steps in good faith to conduct any business operations they have in Northern Ireland in accordance with the MacBride Principles, and shall permit independent monitoring of their compliance with such principles.
- 2. In the case of a contract which must be let by competitive sealed bidding, whenever the lowest bidder has not agreed to stipulate to the conditions set forth in this section, and another bidder who has agreed to stipulate to such conditions has submitted a bid within five percent of the lowest bid for a contract to supply goods, services or construction of comparable quality, the contracting entity shall refer the contract to the County Legislature, which shall determine if the lowest bidder is responsible. In making such determination, the County Legislature may consider, as a factor bearing on responsibility, whether the lowest bidder discriminates in employment in Northern Ireland.

- 3. In case of a contract let by other than competitive sealed bidding for goods and services involving an expenditure of an amount greater than ten thousand dollars, or for construction involving an amount greater than fifteen thousand dollars, the contracting entity shall not award to a proposed contractor who has not agreed to stipulate to the conditions set forth in this section unless the entity seeking to use the goods, services or construction determines that the goods, services or construction are necessary for the entity to perform its functions and there is no other responsible contractor who will supply goods, services of construction of comparable quality at a comparable price. Such determination shall be made in writing and shall be filed with the Clerk of the County Legislature and shall be available to the public.
- B. Upon receiving information that a contractor who has made the stipulation required by this section is in violation thereof, the contracting entity shall review such information and offer the contractor the opportunity to respond. If the contracting entity finds that a violation has occurred, it shall take such action as may be appropriate and provided for by law, rule, or contract, including but not limited to, imposing sanctions, seeking compliance, recovering damages, declaring the contractor in default and/or seeking debarment or suspension of the contractor.
- C. As used in this section, the term "contract" shall not include contracts with government and non-profit organizations, contracts awarded pursuant to an emergency procurement procedure or contracts, resolutions, indentures, declarations of trust or other instruments of authorizing or relating to the authorization, issuance, award, sale or purchase of bonds, certificates of indebtedness, notes or other fiscal obligations of the County, provided that the policies of this section shall be considered when selecting a contractor to provide financial or legal advise, and when selecting managing underwriters in connection with such activities.

SECTION 5. Effective Date.

This local law shall take effect ninety days after it shall have been enacted into law, and shall apply to solicitations for goods, services or construction issued on and after such effective date.

Resolution ADOPTED by the following vote:

Ayes: 16 **Noes:** 0 5/11/93

County of Rensselaer Local Law No. of the year 1993 By Mr. Manupella

A local law to amend the Rensselaer County Charter by adding:

Be it enacted by the County Legislature of the county of Rensselaer as follows:

SECTION 1. To amend the Rensselaer County Charter by adding: Section 18.07

Beginning in 1994 and during the second year of each legislative term thereafter, the legislative body shall review all departments, bureaus, agencies, boards and

commissions to determine feasibility of continuation, except those mandated by state or federal law. The study will utilize the criteria of services required to be furnished or federal law. The study will utilize the criteria of services required to be furnished or federal law. The study will utilize the criteria of services required to be furnished residents and workforce necessary to accomplish programs. Beginning in January and residents and April 1st, each legislative committee as established in the Rules of the not later than April 1st, each legislative as departments, bureaus, agencies, boards and Legislature, shall review those departments, bureaus, agencies, boards and commissions within their committee's responsibility and file a report with the Clerk of the Legislature.

The Chairperson shall appoint a committee of not less than three nor more than five legislators with representation of both major political parties to review, analyze and consolidate the various committee reports into one report which shall be and consolidate the Legislative body by May 1st. The Legislature shall, by June 30th, act presented to the Legislative approval of said report by a majority of the upon the report. Upon legislative approval of said report by a majority of the legislators, a resolution with said report shall be forwarded to the County Executive legislators, a resolution with said report shall be forwarded to the County Executive legislators action, in accordance with Section 30.6. Any approved for necessary action, in accordance with Section 30.6. Any approved recommendations adopted shall be considered in the ensuing budgetary process. Necessary changes to the Rensselaer County Charter shall be in accordance with Section 20.06.

 $\underline{\textbf{SECTION 2.}}$ This local law shall take effect immediately upon filing with the Secretary of State.

Local Law ADOPTED by the following vote:

Ayes: 12
Noes: 6 - Minbiole, Kelleher, Vartigian, Swartz, Lang and Zwack 6/8/93

"Disapproved by the County Executive - June 23, 1993"

June 23, 1993

Mr. Lawrence Quinn, Clerk Rensselaer County Legislature Ned Pattison Government Center Troy, New York 12180

Dear Larry:

I am returning the Local Law amending Article 18 of the Rensselaer County Charter with my signature indicating disapproval. I vetoed a similar bill in January, 1991, and my reason for vetoing this law remains the same - it is not needed.

As was pointed out by the sponsor of this law at the public hearing I conducted, the County Legislature is already empowered to act in the manner stipulated by this so called Sunset Law. Section 2.07 of the County Charter states that the legislature may "create, alter, combine or abolish county/administrative units not headed by elective officers." Certainly with the 13-veto proof power the majority enjoys in the legislature, you have had ample time to execute and enforce such power.

As I have done for some years now, just last week I began the process for another fiscal year by meeting with department heads and telling them what I expect in their proposed 1994 budgets - zero based budgeting. These administrators will again this year be expected to justify every single expense item in the non-mandated portion of

their budget. These are the same administrators who in the past few years have been developing their budgets with less revenues than prior years. These are the same administrators who appear before the legislature's committees and public hearings to answer questions about their budgets. During the budget process, the legislature has the right to abolish or consolidate any non-mandated department headed by these administrators.

I also perceive this law as an infringement on the separation of powers between the executive and legislative branches of county government. By subjecting executive departments to mandated reviews, the legislature is usurping the executive's rights to submit a tentative budget, a responsibility spelled out in Section 5.03 of the County Charter.

I appreciate the comments I received at the public hearing in support of this law, but the fact is the executive and legislative branches of this government have proved that we can work together. In fact, we just avoided "sunsetting" the county's skilled nursing facility. Recognizing the need that we are either in the business of providing for our frail elderly or out of the business, we met, developed proposals, and launched a \$36 million project to build a new facility and ensure the highest quality care for our present and future citizens.

I suggest we continue that cooperation. I suggest we continue to explore unique or different delivery systems for mandated programs (such as managed care) since these programs consume nearly 80 percent of our budget, and I suggest we continue to fight the state government for serious mandate relief. These are the routes to a more efficient government and the role of a government that is truly concerned about the plight of its taxpayers.

Sincerely,

s/JOHN L. BUONO John L. Buono

County of Rensselaer, New York Local Law No.(Introductory) of the year 1993

A local law Authorizing the private sale of a parcel of land owned by the County of Rensselaer consisting of 0.04 acres located in the town of Poestenkill, previously declared by the County Legislature of the County of Rensselaer to be no longer necessary for public use.

Be it enacted by the Rensselaer County Legislature of the county of Rensselaer, New York as follows:

SECTION 1. Legislative Intent. Pursuant to Section 215, subdivision 5, of the County Law of the State of New York, the County Legislature of the County of Rensselaer has heretofore declared as no longer necessary for public use a certain parcel of County owned land located in the Town of Poestenkill, consisting of 0.04 acres of land included within a larger parcel of 0.23± acres of land conveyed to the County of Rensselaer by deed from Adelbert E. Kendrick and Ruth L. Kendrick to the County of Rensselaer, dated May 18, 1962 and recorded in the Office of the Rensselaer County Clerk in Book 1103 of Deeds at Page 494. In conjunction

therewith, the County of Rensselaer has received from the adjoining landowners, Gary therewith, the County of Rensselaer has received from the adjoining landowners, Gary S. Blauvelt and Joyce A. Blauvelt, an offer to purchase said premises at private sale so consideration of the payment of the sum of FIFTY DOLLARS (\$50.00), such sum in consideration of the purchase offer submitted by Gary being the appraised value. After consideration of the premises herein described, it is S. Blauvelt and Joyce A. Blauvelt with respect to the premises herein described, it is S. Blauvelt and Joyce A. Blauvelt with such purchase offer is fair and reasonable and the determination of this body that such purchase offer is fair and reasonable and the determination proposed to be paid for such conveyance is adequate.

SECTION 2. Based upon the foregoing considerations and the resultant of this legislative body, the County of Rensselaer, by the Rensselaer County Executive, shall be and it hereby is authorized and empowered to convey to Gary S. Blauvelt and Joyce A. Blauvelt, for and in consideration of the payment of the sum of FIFTY DOLLARS (\$50.00), plus all recording fees and disbursements incurred in connection therewith, that parcel of real property consisting of 0.04 acres of land located in the Town of Poestenkill and heretofore declared no longer necessary for public use pursuant to resolution of this legislative body, which such conveyance shall be made by private sale and without the benefit of advertising or competitive bids. This conveyance shall be made by quitclaim deed and such deed, together with all other instruments required to complete such transaction, shall be in a form acceptable to the Rensselaer County Attorney.

SECTION 3. This local law shall take effect pursuant to the provisions of Section 24 of the Municipal Home Rule Law of the State of New York.

Local Law ADOPTED by the following vote:

Ayes:	
Noes:	

County of Rensselaer, New York Local Law No. Introductory of the year 1993 By Mr. Minbiole

A local law Authorizing the Imposition and Collection of Administrative Fee in Connection with Real Property Tax Payments made to the County of Rensselaer by Personal Checks Returned for Insufficient Funds

7/13/93

Be it enacted by the County Legislature of the County of Rensselaer, New York as follows:

SECTION 1. The Rensselaer County Bureau of Finance has, on numerous occasions, received payments for delinquent taxes by personal checks which, after deposit to the accounts of the County of Rensselaer, have been dishonored and deposit to the depository bank for lack of sufficient funds. As a consequence of these returned by the depository bank for lack of sufficient funds. As a consequence of these occurrences, the Rensselaer County Bureau of Finance is obliged to perform further and additional administrative work to correct the real property tax records of such department, which additional administrative work consumes time which would department, which additional administrative and clerical tasks performed by otherwise be devoted to other administrative and clerical tasks performed by otherwise be fee devoted to other administrative and clerical tasks performed by determination of this legislative body that in such cases an additional administrative determination of this legislative body that in such cases an additional administrative determination of the issuer of the dishonored and returned check, is both reasonable fee, charged to the issuer of the dishonored and returned check, is both reasonable and appropriate to compensate the County of Rensselaer and the taxpayers thereof for the expenditure of additional time and labor by employees of the County of Rensselaer.

SECTION 2. The County of Rensselaer, through the Rensselaer County Bureau of Finance, is hereby authorized and empowered to impose a further and additional administrative fee in the sum of TWENTY FIVE DOLLARS (\$25.00) in any case in which the Rensselaer County Bureau of Finance or the County of Rensselaer receives payment for delinquent real property taxes by personal check which is subsequently dishonored and returned by the depository bank.

SECTION 3. Any such further and additional administrative fee imposed by the County of Rensselaer through the Rensselaer County Bureau of Finance as hereinabove provided for and set forth may be added to those sums due and owing for delinquent taxes, interest and/or penalties, and the enforcement and collection of such administrative fee may be thereafter made pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Real Property Tax Law of the State of New York.

SECTION 4. This local law shall take effect pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Municipal Home Rule Law of the State of New York.

Local Law ADOPTED by the following vote:

Ayes: Noes: 7/13/93

County of Rensselaer, New York Local Law No. of the year 1993 By Mrs. Douglas

A local law Authorizing the Sale of a Parcel of Land Owned by the County of Rensselaer Consisting of 0.04 Acres Located in the Town of Poestenkill, Previously Declared by the County Legislature of the County of Rensselaer to be no Longer Necessary for Public Use

Be it enacted by the Rensselaer County Legislature of the County of Rensselaer, New York as follows:

SECTION 1. Legislative Intent. Pursuant to Section 215, subdivision 5, of the County Law of the State of New York, the County Legislature of the County of Rensselaer has heretofore declared as no longer necessary for public use a certain acres of County owned land located in the Town of Poestenkill, consisting of 0.04 county of Rensselaer by deed from Albert E. Kendrick and Ruth L. Kendrick to the County of Rensselaer, dated May 18, 1962 and recorded in the Office of the Rensselaer County Clerk in Book 1103 of Deeds at Page 494. In conjunction therewith, the County of Rensselaer has received from the adjoining landowners, Gary S. Blauvelt and Joyce A. Blauvelt, an offer to purchase said premises at private sale in consideration of the payment of the sum of FIFTY DOLLARS (\$50.00), such sum being the appraised value. After consideration of the purchase offer submitted by Gary S. Blauvelt and Joyce A. Blauvelt with respect to the premises herein described, it is the determination of this body that such purchase offer is fair and reasonable and that the consideration proposed to be paid for such conveyance is adequate.

SECTION 2. Based upon the foregoing considerations and the resultant of this legislative body, the County of Rensselaer, by the Rensselaer County Executive, shall be and it hereby is authorized and empowered to convey to Gary S. Blauvelt and Joyce A. Blauvelt, for and in consideration of the payment of the sum of FIFTY DOLLARS (\$50.00), plus all recording fees and disbursements incurred in connection therewith, that parcel of real property consisting of 0.04 acres of land located in the Town of Poestenkill and heretofore declared no longer necessary for public use pursuant to resolution of this legislative body, which such conveyance shall be made by private sale and without the benefit of advertising or competitive bids. This conveyance shall be made by quitclaim deed and such deed, together with all other instruments required to complete such transaction, shall be in a form acceptable to the Rensselaer County Attorney.

SECTION 3. This local law shall take effect pursuant to the provisions of Section 24 of the Municipal Home Rule Law of the State of New York.

Local Law ADOPTED by the following vote:

Ayes: 16 Noes: 0 7/13/93

"Approved by the County Executive - August 2, 1993"

County of Rensselaer, New York Local Law No. of the year 1993 By Mr. Minbiole

A local law Authorizing the Imposition and Collection of Administrative Fee in Connection with Real Property Tax Payments made to the County of Rensselaer by Personal Checks Returned for Insufficient Funds.

Be it enacted by the County Legislature of the County of Rensselaer, New York as follows:

SECTION 1. The Rensselaer County Bureau of Finance has, on numerous occasions, received payments for delinquent taxes by personal checks which, after deposit to the accounts of the County of Rensselaer, have been dishonored and returned by the depository bank for lack of sufficient funds. As a consequence of these occurrences, the Rensselaer County Bureau of Finance is obliged to perform further and additional administrative work to correct the real property tax records of such department, which additional administrative work consumes time which would otherwise be devoted to other administrative and clerical tasks performed by personnel of the Rensselaer County Bureau of Finance. Accordingly, it is the determination of this legislative body that in such cases an additional administrative fee, charged to the issuer of the dishonored and returned check, is both reasonable and appropriate to compensate the County of Rensselaer and the taxpayers thereof for the expenditure of additional time and labor by employees of the County of Rensselaer.

SECTION 2. The County of Rensselaer, through the Rensselaer County Bureau of Finance, is hereby authorized and empowered to impose a further and additional administrative fee in the sum of TWENTY FIVE DOLLARS (\$25.00) in any case in which the Rensselaer County Bureau of Finance or the County of Rensselaer

receives payment for delinquent real property taxes by personal check which is subsequently dishonored and returned by the depository bank.

SECTION 3. Any such further and additional administrative fee imposed by the County of Rensselaer through the Rensselaer County Bureau of Finance as hereinabove provided for and set forth may be added to those sums due and owing for delinquent taxes, interest and/or penalties, and the enforcement and collection of such administrative fee may be thereafter made pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Real Property Tax Law of the State of New York.

SECTION 4. This local law shall take affect pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Municipal Home Rule Law of the State of New York.

Local Law WITHDRAWN BY SPONSOR:

Ayes:

Noes:

8/10/93

County of Rensselaer, New York Local Law No. of the year 1993 By Mr. Kilgallon and Mr. Ashley

A local law Regulating Possession of Firearms and other Dangerous Weapons in Rensselaer County Buildings.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the County of Rensselaer, New York as follows:

SECTION 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT: The County of Rensselaer, through its Legislature and in its proprietary capacity, declares that it is necessary, for the security, safety, protection and well-being of its employees, and its property and individuals present thereupon, to bear restrictions on the bearing and possession of firearms and other dangerous weapons and instruments by individuals while entering into and being present in buildings owned, leased and operated by the County of Rensselaer.

SECTION 2. Any individual, upon entering the Rensselaer County Courthouse or any other building owned or operated by the County of Rensselaer where county governmental activity takes place, shall be required to surrender any weapon or dangerous instrument upon request by lawful authority. For purposes of this Local Law, lawful authority is defined as any police officer, court officer or peace officer whose special duties include maintaining order and security in governmental offices.

SECTION 3. This Local Law shall not apply to any authorized peace officer or police officer, as defined in the New York State Criminal Procedure Law, or any other authorized official of the County, State of Federal Government.

SECTION 4. Failure to comply with this Local Law shall be punishable by confinement in the Rensselaer County Jail for a term not to exceed three (3) months and/or a fine not to exceed Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00).

SECTION 5. EFFECTIVE DATE: This Local Law shall become effective immediately upon adoption.

Local Law ADOPTED by the following vote:

Ayes: 16 **Noes:** 0 9/13/93

"Approved by the County Executive - September 30, 1993"

County of Rensselaer Local Law No. of the year 1993 By Mr. Manupella

A local law Amending Local Law No. 1 for the year 1993

Be it enacted by the County Legislature of the county of Rensselaer as follows:

SECTION 1. Jurisdiction

F. The Provisions of this section and the regulations promulgated hereunder shall be enforced by the Rensselaer County Sealer of Weights and measures except that in the City of Troy and City of Rensselaer their respective Sealer of Weights and Measures shall enforce the provisions herein. The fines collected y the Rensselaer County Sealer of Weights and Measures shall remain the property of the County of Rensselaer. The fines collected by the Sealer of Weights and Measures of the Cities of Troy and Rensselaer shall remain the property of those cities.

SECTION 2. Effective Date.

This local law shall take effect when all filing requirements have been met.

Local Law ADOPTED by the following vote:

Ayes:

- Messrs. Amadon, Flynn, Polsinello, Zwack

Abstained: 1 - Mr. Minbiole

10/12/93

"Approved by the County Executive - October 27, 1993"